The Pittsburgh Gazette

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1820. New Series, No 183

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 15th instant, MICHAEL FOX, an apprentice to the Brush-making business; he is between 17 and 18 years of age, dark complexion, dark hair and eyes; about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches—had on when he went away, a light brown coatee, a pair of super black cassimere pantaloons, a pair of lced boots, a half worn castor hat, an olive colored surtout coat, and a bundle of other cloathing some of which were not his own. Whoever takes up said boy and returns him to me or secures him so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, but no charges.—I forbid any person or persons from employing or harbouring said apprentice, at their peril.

GEO. BEALE.

N.B. I presume he has gone towards Philadelphia, whence he came.

Pittsburgh, January 21.

Important!

THE subscriber has been authorised by the owner to offer FOR SALE,

11 FARMS,

five of which lie in Switzerland county, and six in Franklin county, Indiana—Also

Several Houses and Lots,

in the towns of Vevay and Brookville, Indiana, for which Castings, Bar Iron, Cut-Nails, Shovels and Spades, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Leather, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Indian Corn and Irish Potatoes, will be received in payment at cash prices. One third to be paid down, and the other two thirds in one and two years.

Good and sufficient titles can be made. Apply to the subscriber at Vevay, Indiana.

C. S. STEVENS.

November 4.——268w

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW-BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

at which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17. tf

David Bell & Co.

Grocers of Market and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh

Will Receive

In payment for GOODS at a reasonable discount, the paper of the following Banks, viz

Beaver,	Meadville,
Center,	Huntington,
Canton,	Cleaveland,
New-Lisbon,	Dayton,
Lebanon,	Urbana,
Cincinnati,	Zansville,
Madison,	Vincennes,
Tennesse,	

And most of the new Banks of Kentucky.

Dec. 24.

Pittsburgh and New-Alexandria

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in said company are required to pay to the Treasurer of the said company, the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th instalments, in the manner following—Two and a half dollars on each share, being the 6th instalment, on the second Monday of February next; two and an half dollars on each share, being the 7th instalment, on the second Monday of March; two and an half dollars, being the 8th instalment, on the second Monday of April, and two and an half dollars, being the 9th instalment, on the second Monday of May.

The Treasurer will attend at the house of Mr. Charles Johnston, in Allegheny county, on each of the above mentioned days to receive instalments.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, *Treas'r.*

January 11.

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Blanks Printed Here.

Mr. and Mrs. E[illegible]n's SEMINARY

For the Education of Young Ladies.

THE Subscriber having established his Seminary at this place respectfully informs the public, that, in order to obtain public confidence,

The Rev. J. DODDRIDGE,
NOAH ZANE,
ALEXANDER CALDWELL,
COL. A. WOODS,
JOSIAH CHAPLINE,
MOSES W. CHAPLINE,
JOHN M'LURE,
PETER YARNALL,
PHILIP DODDRIDGE,
CHARLES HAMMOND, Esqrs.

have been prevailed on as a board of trustees, to attend the examinations and report the state of the Seminary. The following course of studies and terms have been approved of by them.

Elementary Class.

Reading,
Writing,
The first rules of Grammar, and
The first rules of Arithmetic.

Second Class.

The principles of Grammar,
Composition,
Geography with the use of the Globes,
Elements of Geometry and Trigonometry, introductory to Astronomy,
History,
Natural History, and
Topographical drawing.

First Class.

Natural Philosophy,
Standing Classes of the
French Language,
Music,
The figure, Landscape and Flower drawing.

TERMS.

The English Branches (Natural Philosophy excepted)	$3	per quarter.
French Language,	4	
Drawing,	6	
Music,	8	
Natural Philosophy,	6	

Boarding and Washing 125 dollars per annum, payable quarterly in advance.

Books, Stationary, and drawing materials to be furnished at the most reasonable prices.

The number of pupils not to exceed forty.

To those not acquainted with the subscriber and his lady, the subjoined testimonials are respectfully submitted.

F. ECIKSTEIN.

Academician of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine arts, and late principal Teacher of the Harmony Seminary.

Wheeling, Dec. 30, 1819.

REFERENCES.

The subscribers were appointed trustees of a Seminary for the education of Young Ladies, at the village of Harmonie, Butler county, Pennsylvania, which has been under the superintendance of Mr. Frederick Eckstein for about two years. They have occassionally attended the public examinations of the pupils in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, History, Geography, Natural Philosophy, the French Language, and Drawing in all its branches. Mr. Eckstein intending shortly to remove from Harmonie, with the intention of being employed in the education of youth, wherever he can be useful, and can receive suitable patronage. The subscribers have no hesitation in testifying their approbation of his merit as a teacher, from the progress of the Young Ladies at Harmonie, in the various branches above mentioned. The strictest attention appears to have been shown by him to their morals & manners, which was evidenced by the decorum and behaviour of the young ladies under his care. 11th Aug. 1819.

JOHN YOUNG,
President of the court, Greensburgh, Pa.

JOHN GILMORE,
WM. AYRES, } Esquires.
Butler co. Pa.

P. L. Passavavant,
Chritian Buhl, } Esquires.
Zelinople, Pa.

Although the undersigned have not attended any of the examinations of the pupils under the care of Mr. F. Eckstein, yet from the very favorable accounts of the Seminary at Harmonie, and the high character it has attained under his superintendance, they have no hesitation in stating their belief that he is well qualified for the instruction of pupils, in the various branches of education mentioned in the foregoing certificate. 11th Aug. 1819.

James Ross.
Walter Forward,
Henry Baldwin, } Esq'rs. Pittsburgh.
Wm. Wilkins.
Robert Moore.
James Allison. } Esq'rs. Beaver Pa.
David Shields, Washington Pa.

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrst me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Tacks & Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

Have just received a further supply of

TACKS & SPRIGS,

From the Factory in Massachusetts.

Their assortment is now extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, October 22. 3m

To Rent or Sell,

A BREWERY, pleasantly situated on the bank of the Ohio river in the town of Gallipolis, county of Gallia and state of Ohio.

This Brewery is in complete operation, and has all the necessary buildings &c. adjoining the same, such as malt-house, kiln, pump &c. There is a piece of woodland attached to the property, where timber and firewood can be obtained in any quantity, for the use of the brewery. Barley can also be had on reasonable terms from the farmers in the neighbourhood, who now attend pretty largely to the cultivation thereof.

This brewery is in a fine situation for business—4 miles below the mouth of the Great Kenhawa, on which river any quantity of malt liquors can be sold for the consumption of the Salt works.

The buildings and pump are calculated for the establishment of a Distillery, which would be of great advantage in Gallipolis where there is none.

Terms will be made easy and accommodating. For further particulars, apply to

PETER MAGNIER.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15.

Allegheny BRIDGE.

THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE is now opened for the passage of travellers on foot or on horseback, and for light carriages.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE

RATES OF TOLL.

	Cents.
For every foot passenger	2
For every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 6 horses.	75
For every such carriage drawn by 5 horses,	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 4 horses,	50
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	31
For every carriage of whatever description for the purpose of personal accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 4 horses,	75
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	37
For every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having two wheels and drawn by 4 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	31
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	18
For every chair or other 2 wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse therein,	18
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses,	37½
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 3 horses,	31
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 2 horses,	25
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 1 horse,	12½
For every horse, mare or gelding with a rider,	6
For every horse mare or gelding without a rider,	6
For every carriage drawn by oxen, or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in the proportion of 2 oxen for 1 horse, and in all cases a mule to be rated in the same proportion as a horse,	
For every head of horned or muley cattle,	4
For every head of sheep or swine,	2

Not more than TEN head of Cattle shall be permitted to cross at the same time.

Horses or Cattle are not permitted to be rode or driven at a faster gait than a walk.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Treas'r.

Pittsburgh, November 2.

A Most Valuable Estate FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling in whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

To Rent,

AND possession given the first of April next, a SAW-MILL & BOAT-YARD, with 75 acres of land, Two Dwelling Houses and a complete Harbour, on the Allegheny river, within 6 miles of Pittsburgh. For terms enquire of the subscriber near the premises.

JACOB NEGLEY.

January 7

For Sale or Rent.

FOR SALE OR RENT, in the First Presbyterian Church,

Pew Number 2.

Enquire at the Gazette Office.

January 28.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of S. & J. THOMPSON, Merchant Taylors, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and as it has now become absolutely necessary that the books of the concern should be settled up, they give this notice, that Samuel Thompson is authorised to attend to this business, and that they earnestly request all who know themselves indebted to said firm, to come forward as soon as may be, and settle their accounts, and all who have claims against them, to present them for payment. They further note that if this reqnest is not complied with in a reasonable time, that all the accounts without distinction of persons, shall be put in the hands of a proper person for collection.

S. & J. Thompson, will in future carry on their former business under their separate names, and respectfully inform their friends and the public that any commands in their line of business will be promptly attended to.

SAMUEL THOMPSON,
JOHN THOMPSON.

January 7.

To Let,

That large and commodious Frame

Warehouse,

In Wood street, two doors from the corner of Water street, lately occupied by Foster & Doane—Immediate possession will be given. Apply to William Graham, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Pitt township.

WM. B. FOSTER.

December 31.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread cotton bobbin and tape,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19.——

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY on the morning of the 19th insit two apprentice boys bound to the Cordwaining business—James Moore is about 17 years old, Thomas Billingsley about 14 years old Whoever takes up said boys, and brings them back to me at Pittsburgh, shall receive the above reward but no charges.

S. MACKEY.

Jan. 25, 1820.

N.B. All persons are forbid harboring said runaways at their peril.—Billingsley is lame and is a rogue.

To Rent,

And possession given immediately, if required,

A GOOD THREE STORY BRICK

House & Store,

Opposite Mr. Hunter's Hotel, Wood street, occupied by Walter Glenn, who will shew the premises.

ROBERT CUNLIFFE.

January 21.

Storage AND Commission Business,

(CINCINNATI, O.)

THE subscriber informs the public that he has commenced the Storage and Commission Business, corner of Main and Front streets, Cincinnati, where any business entrusted to him, will be promptly attended to.

WILLIAM NOBLE.

January 14.——

Most Earnestly

I solicit the attention of my friends and the public, to a

FRESH ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS

have added to my stock, part of which I have imported myself, and am now selling upon the lowest terms—consisting as follows, viz.

100 pieces Bombazetts,

Twilled & Plain—all colours.

30 pieces Rocking Baize and Flannels, many of which are fine white and scarlet,
Ladies Habit Cloths—all colours,
Superfine BROAD CLOTHS and CASSIMERES—all colours,
Plain, Cut and Imperial Silk Velvets—ditto
Straw Bonnets,
Black Lace Squares and Veils,

A large assortment of

Thread Lace, Footing, Edging, etc. etc.

JOSEPH ARMORER,

Pittsburgh, December 28.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the house of the subscriber, living on the Monongahela river, about one mile above Birmingham, on the 15th of November last, a CHESNUT SORREL MARE, about 5 or 6 years old, 15 hands high, blind of the off eye, has a switch tail and a snip in her face; her near hind foot white and is shod before. The owner can have her again by proving property and paying charges.

WM. GARNER.

January 14.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

700 lbs *Saddler's Skirting Leather,*
1500 do. *Spanish Soal ditto,*

4 doz. prime Calf-skins,

4 ditto UPPER LEATHER,

—ALSO—

A general assortment of FALL & WINTER

GOODS,

And a complete assortment of New Printed

MUSIC,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

N. RICHARDON,
Fourth stree

Pittsburgh, October 5.

Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS,

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel;

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13.——lawst

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

UNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steel-yards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Grid-irons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,
Curry combs,
Window glass,
Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 4, 1820.

Extract of a letter to a friend in Pittsburgh, dated January 24, 1820.

"I agree with you that the texture and stability of our federal compact, is likely to be tried by the Missouri question. It must be confessed that it involves considerations more momentous than any which have occurred since the adoption of our constitution; and which cannot be approached without "fear and trembling." However it may eventuate, there is reason to apprehend that the agitation of these questions may shorten the duration of our republic. Perhaps you may ascribe these apprehensions to a want of political fortitude. Be it so.

Without some magnanimous compromise similar to that which was made on the same subject in the convention, there is serious ground of fear, that the harmony of our federal compact may be disturbed. I fully concur with Mr. King in all his views, save one, in relation to slaves as *property*. In all other respects I consider his speech unanswered and unanswerable.

Admitting the *general* right of Congress to impose such restrictions as well as the political expediency of them—I have not been able to divest my mind of doubt as to its rightful exercise in relation to the *Missouri* territory. This doubt arises from the terms of the treaty of cession. The faith of this government stands pledged to France and to the inhabitants of that territory, *inter alia* for the protection and guarantee of their *property*, and their *incorporation* into the Union.

Is slavery lawful, and are slaves considered property? Without professing an intimate or profound acquaintance with the natural history of the human species or without attempting to discuss, here, the abstract question of slavery. We do know that slavery has been sanction and tolerated in almost every age and nation, both ancient and modern In France and her territories at the time of the cession of Louisiana; and in England up to the time of the great case of *Somerset* the negro, by which it was determined that there could be no slavery in England.

Is it not equally true, that slaves have been generally considered as property? In the view of the parties to that compact, ought not the slaves within the ceded territory *at the time of the ratification of the treaty* to be considered property, and within the protection stipulated by the treaty? It is not without reluctance that I am strained to answer this question in the affirmative, and to declare that *pro tanto* at least an interdiction of slavery in Missouri, would *not* fall within the legitimate exercise of the power of Congress.

It might be considered a breach of faith—an infraction of the treaty—an infringment of private rights. If so, my maxim would be *fiat justitia ruat colum*.

Whether the prohibition ought to extend so as to embrace slaves who may have migrated thither *since* the treaty, but *anterior* to the adoption of a constitution for Missouri, is also a question of vast import and doubtful expediency.—Although congress have the power to prohibit the *migration* or *importation* of slaves into any of its territories, from any quarter—yet as they have not actually exercised that power, so far as relates to migration from other states—can it now be done otherwise than *prospectively?* Can they rightfully annex to the admission, into the Union, of any state, a condition or restriction which would alter the state and condition of those slaves who were in *before* the period last mentioned, or the rights of their owners?

The *status anti* is in general a convenient and safe basis for public arrangements; and is frequently adopted. In the present instance, it would be attended with immensely dangerous consequences. Nor ought it to be disguised, that its *rejection* would be followed with great and serious private loss and disaffection. Viewing it however, in all its bearings, I incline to the opinion that *this* branch of the subject *is* within the *discretion* of Congress. Although I assent to the *power*, I am not prepared to say that it would be *expedient* to go that length

The *migration* or *importation* of slaves *since* the ratification of the treaty in to that district, was a PERADVENTURE, and would subject them to such regulations as Congress might from time to time think proper thereafter to make. The admission into the Union, *in relation to such*, is not a matter of *unconditional* right.

By the solemn stipulation in the treaty to protect, as I conceive, this species of property, and to incorporate the inhabitants into the Union, there is in my mind, a reasonable, if not an insuperable objection to an *unqualified* interdiction of slavery in Missouri. Congress are imperiously bound to avoid any act which would contravene the provisions of the treaty, or rights acquired under them.

With regard therefore to all those slaves who have been brought into that territory *since* the treaty, I have strong doubts as to the *expediency* of the proposed prohibition. But that Congress have the power and right to prohibit the *further* introduction of slaves from any quarter, I have no doubt.

It is much to be regretted, that the treaty of cession was allowed to contain these stipulations, and thus create obligations upon the United States, which might otherwise have been avoided. It is equally to be regretted, that Congress have so long delayed a prohibitory act upon the subject of slaves. For "if these things be done in the green tree, what may not be done in the dry." If the slave holding states can *now*, by making common cause, present so formidable a front, *sable* coloured indeed, must be the policy of this country if no restriction or qualification as to slavery can be imposed."

Pennsylvania Legislature,

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. WILKINS, read in his place a further supplement to the act authorizing the governor to incorporate two companies for making an artificial road from the city of Pittsburgh, through Butler and Mercer to Meadville.

Bills passed.—The bill relative to Mortgages was passed.

Also, the bill for the sale of certain islands in the Susquehanna.

KINDNAPPING.

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Bailey in the chair, on the bill relative to kidnapping.

Mr. Wilkins, said that he was desirous of again introducing to the house a section which had already been negatived, but which he felt confident would be viewed more favourably by the house at this time in consequence of the additional information it was in his power to communicate. It was of the utmost importance that specific and clearly defined provisions should be made, in order to put an effectual stop to the inhuman practice then under consideration. We must convince the magistrates of our resolution to inflict exemplary and precise punishment upon all in office who connived at this abominable traffic. I wish to make a law which shall be like the writing upon the wall, which shall be hung up in every magistrate's office, and warn him at all hours that a specific punishment is prescribed for that officer who gives his sanction to fraudulent certificates of removal, obtained from slight and interested testimony. I formerly spoke of but few facts within my knowledge; but I am now prepared to give instances of offenders; by stating, from the documents before me a variety of cases; and by shewing that various instances of aggravated misconduct on the part of magistrates imperiously call upon us to provide some definite and precise remedy for the evil.

By an act of Congress passed in the year 1790, a mode was designated for sending fugitives from the neigbouring states into which they had absconded back again to their owners or claimants The man may be arrested; he may be dragged without warrant before a magistrate who gives a certificate of removal, with authority to convey the unfortunate fugitive away. The deposition of an interested person, of the person who claims the property is heard and received as conclusive evidence of right; a power is at once given to Alberti, or some such man, whose very livelihood depends upon this traffic, to seize the alledged slave; he is taken in the dead of night, when perhaps offering his devotions to his God, when he is returning thanks to the Deity for being allowed to enjoy the free constitution of this state, and is finally hurried off, after a mockery of trial, across the Delaware, and sold to perpetual bondage! Is he pursued by the friends of humanity and freedom, and by a habeas corpus brought before a Judge? The certificate, the ill gotten certificate, is produced, the judge disclaims any jurisdiction, & the slave is irredeemably gone. All I ask is, that this house would interfere; and seeing that the facility of granting these certificates of removal is attended by consequences so shocking and fatal, some restrictions should be imposed upon the magistrates, as to the evidence they admit, and the informality with which they determine If a man be brought up charged with having stolen a mere sixpence, he is entitled to bail, and on his trial he has an opportunity of being faithfully heard. But when the question is slavery or freedom, the miserable victim is scarcely heard, and the wretched magistrate deems it too unimportant to record. Yes, sir, so slightly, so unfeelingly, has this practice been pursued, that no record of the investigation is kept. In vain do the friends of human liberty and human happiness strive to trace the unfortunate being. What was the victim's name? Who was the claimant? Where did he reside? Where are they gone? What was the evidence adduced? How and by whom proved to be a slave? The magistrate has forgotten it; it is impossible to tell. Sir, let us provide against so enormous a violation of our principles of government, by the section I now offer. Let it be made a duty of the magistrate to keep an exact record of every such transaction, to minute down the age, size, &c. of the alledged slave, the names of witnesses, and indeed the whole of the evidence, and let a transcript of the case be filed in the office of the prothonotary. Thus some clue may be given to anxious and inquiring friends; some guide by which the zealous and indefatigable philanthropist may successfully follow the object of his pursuit.

Is it necessary to enforce what I have said by referring to particular cases, and by adducing the names of persons? Not long, sir, before the session of this legislature, Perry Frisby, a respectable man of colour, who resided in the city of Philadelphia, and was well known to some of the honourable representatives from that portion of the state, while engaged in the solemn and religious duty I have mentioned was startled by violent knocks at the door of his house; he is informed that a female in the neighbourhood was dying and wanted the consolation of his prayers in her last moments; he hurried out upon this office of holiness and virtue; but he scarcely quits his home before he is knocked down in the street by a blow from the monster Alberti, proclaimed as one of the rioters of Vauxhall Garden; forced along through the streets, in spite of the legal opposition of the city watch into the district of Southwark, and before the sun had well dawned, the justice has passed sentence upon his case, granted his certificate of removal, and the victim is sold in Maryland for 600 dollars. Fortunately the laws of Maryland gave poor Frisby that protection which the laws of Pennsylvania denied him; and after a judicial inquiry there, he was released and declared to be free.

During the late recess of the legislature, I witnessed the trial of a woman—a white woman—for this abominable crime. Yes, sir, so common has this vile traffic become in certain parts of our state, that even women, upon whose sympathies we rely in our afflictions, and whose tenderness naturally shrinks from such horrors, have been tried and convicted! Peggy Ward had kidnapped a child of ten or twelve years of age; she had seduced the infant from the protection of her mother, under the pretence of employing her as her servant; but from that hour to the moment of trial she in vain demanded, in vain sought for her off-spring It was gone and was never heard of nor seen. The sentence inflicted was as such as the law prescribed, but how disproportionate to the enormity of the case!

In the same city a coloured man has repeatedly been convicted of the same crime; the law is enforced; he is confined his twelve months; is again enlarged.

Under these circumstances and after these views, Mr. Wilkins hoped the house would not accede to the amendment of the gentleman from Fayette, but in lieu thereof adopt the course he had suggested, and make some specific provision for the offence Certainty was an all important feature in law. In the sections he intended to offer, the magistrates would find no general expressions, no ambiguity, no room for doubt or misconstruction, no mode of evading the penalty. Let the law be held up plainly, and he would guarrantee its faithful observance. Mr. Wilkins said he refrained from descanting upon the policy of allowing the migration of blacks into this state. But, said he, you have invited them here; your constitution puts them as soon as they become citizens, on a level with yourself or with me. All I ask is, that having induced them to come here, you will extend to them your protection. This I ask in the name of common justice and common humanity. Do not invite them here only to decoy and decieve them; do not offer them a home, a refuge, only to facilitate their being sent into perpetual slavery.

Mr. Duane agreed that remarks more appropriate and just, could not be made, than those offered by the gentleman from Allegheny. [Mr. Wilkins.] He took this opportunity to attack the constitution, which gives the power of appointment of magistrates to the governor. The power, he alledged, had been abused under every administration.

Mr. Todd said, if any complaint could be made as to the appointment of magistrates in the city of Philadelphia, it must arise from the great struggle for office there always is in that section of the state. He did not know why the administration should be attacked, when it was the great desire for office among the people which produced the evil.

Messrs. Coulter, Randall, Thackara, Buchanan, and Ogle took the floor a short time, all concurring in sentiment to the necessity for a law against kidnapping, and expressing a wish that the bill be postponed for further consideration, to have the new sections offered by Mr. Wilkins printed.

The committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

Mr. Randall then moved that the committee of the whole be discharged from the further consideration of the bill, and that the bill and memorials presented that day be recommitted to the committee who reported the bill. Agreed to.

We learn, says the National advocate, by a letter from Hartford, Connecticut, that after Mr. and Mrs. Bartley had concluded their admired readings from the best authors, the state's attorney presented them with several writs, under the law of the state, prohibiting 'Theatrical exhibitions!' and arrested them. We regret that this inhospitable and unhandsome conduct, should have been shown to strangers, of such real worth and respectability as Mr. and Mrs. Bartley are perfectly satisfied that their accomplished reading which should be considered as a branch of polite education, never could have been contemplated by the law, and if they had, civility required the attorney general to have given them previous notice of it.

The Bible v. the Age of Reason.

The late Bishop of Llandaff (Dr. Watson,) in his memoirs says: 'In the beginning of the year 1796, I published an *Apology for the Bible*, being a defence of that holy book against the scurrilous abuse of Thomas Paine. This little book I have reason to believe, was of singular service in stopping the torrent of irreligion which had been excited by his writings, David Dale, of Paisley, (I mention his name to his honor, his person I never saw,) asked my permission, which was most readily granted, to print 3000 copies, to distribute among his own workmen; many thousands were also printed at Dundee, and in other places in Scotland and England, at small prices, without any profit or wish of profit to myself. In a few years after, I had the unspeakable satisfaction of receiving the following letter. It was written (by command) by colonel Braddyll, one of the Grooms of the Bedchamber of his Royal Highness the Prince Regent.

'CARLTON-HOUSE, May 4, 1812

'My lord—It affords me the greatest satisfaction to have it in command from the Prince Regent, to make known to your lordship a circumstance which he is sure, will on every account, afford your lordship equal gratification to that which he has himself experienced from it. After dinner yesterday, at Carlton-House, the conversation turned upon the general immorality and profligacy of the present day, when principles and opinions, subversive of all religion and morality, were not only held by many, but studiously endeavored to be instilled into the minds of others.

One of the most violent of these, a Sussex Baronet, was mentioned by Mr. Tyrwhit, (who, I believe, is not unknown to your lordship,) as having uttered opinions in his hearing, so infamous and atheistical, as to force him to leave the company; first, however, exacting from him a promise, that he would attentively peruse a book in which the best antidote should be sent him. The book was your lordship's *Apology for the Bible*;' and today the Baronet's answer was produced and read, expressive of his thankfulness for having had it put into his hands, as it not only had decidedly and clearly proved the error and fallacy of every opinion he had before entertained, but had afforded him a degree of secret comfort and tranquility that his mind had previously been a stranger to.

I have the honor to be, &c.

W. BRADDYLL."

Valuable Lands,

TO BE SOLD OR EXCHANGED

THE subscriber offers for ssle the following very valuable tracts of land situated in Beaver county, North-Sewickly township, state of Pennsylvania, in Leet's district of depreciation lands: viz.

No. 190—216 acres or thereabouts, with allowance. On which tract is erected a good frame dwelling house, a barn, and other out houses, with about 30 acres cleared, and an excellent spring before the house.

No. 178—130 acres—To this tract belongs one third part of a Saw-Mill and has about 18 acres cleared.

No. 173—208½ acres and allowance, on which is cleared about 16 acres. These three tracts lay contigious to each other, and have between 3 and 400 acres of first rate bottom land, and particularly calculated for grazing farms, and large dairies—it is well watered by Connequenessing and Brush creeks, besides small brooks and springs—with a good Mill seat on Brush creek—lying in a very thriving settlement, from 3½ to 6 miles from two Iron works, and surrounded by 4 merchant mills, at the distance of 1½ to 6 miles; it is about 5 miles and a half from Harmony, 9 miles from Beaver town, and 25 from Pittsburgh,

ALSO.

No. 891—400 acres, with two good improvements on it, with about 60 acres cleared.

No; 404—containg 409 acres, with two improvements on it, and a Tan-yard, lying on the waters of Cherry run. These lots are of a superiour quality, and have the advantage of water conveyance, and would be valuable to proprietors residing on them.

For the above described tracts or either of them, property in Pittsburgh or its vicinity or merchandise, will be taken in exchange, or they will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to Charles Von Bonnhorst the proprietor, to Dr. James Agnew in Pittsburgh, who is well acquainted with the premises, or to JAMES HALL.

January 5.—tf.

Stray Horse.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, a large bay HORSE, nearly fifteen hands high, about fifteen years old; has a star in his forehead, and has some harness marks; is blind of one eye; no othe marks perceivable.

WILLIAM FULLER,
near East Liberty Steam Mill.

January 28.

Trotter's Warranted GUN-POWDER

ust receceived and for sale by the subscri

100 KEGS

Superior glazed RIFLE POWDER, Nos. 20, 30, and 36, manufactured at the Powder Works of Samuel Trotter, one and a half miles from Lexington, Ken. and warranted equal in quality to any imported from Europe, or manufactued in the United States;

They have also in store, for sale, the following ticles, viz.

JUNIATA BAR IRON,
Ditto Slab ditto,
Nail Rods,
Cut Nails, assorted all sizes,
Geneva Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, by 12, and 12 by 18,
Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco,
Ditto Leaf ditto,
Common Segars,
Pig and Bar LEAD,
Spanish Soal Leather,
Feathers, etc. etc.

Adams & Hutchison.

Pittsburgh, October 22.

To Rent.

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, handsomely situated on the bank of the Monongahela at the corner of Cherry Alley and Water street one square above the Bridge, of which it commands a full view; it has a neat garden in front and a spacious yard in the rear, in which are an oven, a smoke house, a stable, a coal house, &c. The rent will be moderate, and possession given the first of April next.

—ALSO—

Four Small Frame Houses

in Front street, bordering on Cherry Alley, each of which has a convenient yard and cellar. Possession of two of them will be given immediately, the others on the 1st of April.

WM. E. ROBINSON, Adm'r.
of the Estate of George Robinson, dec'd
Pittsburgh, January 25. tf

To Let,

A NUMBER OF CONVENIENT

HOUSES,

Situate on Liberty and Penn streets. Apply
PHILIP MOWRY.
January 28.

Just Manufactured & For Sale

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hanging

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, &c. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also the exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Bean & Butler,

Have now on hand, and will continue to be supplied with, a quantity of the following articles, of their own manufacture, viz.

Corn & Grass Scythes,
Sickles,
Axes,
Spades and Shovels,
Hoes,
Screw Augurs,
} Warranted of superior quality.

3d 4d 6d 8d 10d & 12d CUT NAILS,

And will furnish to order at a short notice, any article of manufactured Iron. In addition to which they have a large quantity of

No. 1, 2 & 3 Foolscap Paper,
Common and extra fine post ditto,
Super Royal Printing ditto,
All sizes wrapping ditto,
Bonnet Boards—

Also a quantity of

WIRE SIFTERS, RIDDLES, SCREENS,
And all other articles in the Wire line.

Manufactured Tobacco,

IN KEGS.

Castings, Beaver, Racoon and Muskrat Furs, etc.

All of which will be sold low for cash, negotiable paper or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, December 24.

FLORENCE

Commission House.

JACKSON M'KINLEY & SOUTHWORTH have a Ware House at FLORENCE at the head of navigation of the Tennessee River, ready for the reception of Cotton and such other articles, domestic and foreign, as may be consigned to them. They will purchase Cotton and Tobacco and sell dry Goods and Groceries, Salt and Provisions on Commission, for those who may favor them with their custom.

N. B. Salt is very much wanted at present.

Florence, November 27, 1819. Jan. 14—3m

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, Feb. 1, 1820.

New York. The legislature of this great state, are engaged in a variety of business of great importance; and seem determined, under the direction of their able chief magistrate, to leave no exertion untried, to employ their vast resources to the best advantage, to revive trade, and to cheer the drooping spirits of their citizens. We should be glad to see our own legislature imitating their example.

Mr. Noah, editor of the New York National Advocate, has addressed to them a memorial praying that the state would authorise the sale of Grand Isle in the river Niagara to him, for the purpose of building a city thereon, to which he proposes to invite a community of Jewish emigrants. If Mr. Noah can perform *his* part of the contract, we should suppose the state would be benefited by the accession of a class of citizens who are generally wealthy, peaceable and industrious. To our minds the project appears quite feasible, and indeed we have often wondered why this persecuted race have not more generally sought refuge in the only country where they are exempt from oppression.

New Jersey.—This state is decidedly hostile to the unconditional admission of Missouri into the Union, and a string of resolutions have passed both houses on the subject.

Delaware.—A resolution is before the Legislature, to establish one State Bank with Branches, in place of the institutions now in operation.

Indiana.—Like most of their neighbours, they are endeavouring in this state, to devise some means to avert the miseries of "hard times." The enquiries upon this subject, seem to be carried on every where, with as much zeal as the attempt to discover the longitude; and we fear they will be attended with as little success, for although the expedients proposed are various, most of those who have engaged in the enterprise, seem to have gotten entirely out of their latitude.

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY.

Among the many causes which present themselves to our minds, as offering indications of the future greatness of the western country, is that spirit of independence and self efficiency, which we see continually bursting forth in these hitherto uncultivated regions. As our forests recede before the tide of population, discovering to the hardy Yeoman a fertile soil, ready to yield a rich supply to all his wants, the eye of the patriot is still more charmed in finding some useful institution daily added to the prosperity. We are not content with possessing a new and extensive country, combining within itself the productions of various climates, or with presenting to the world the interesting picture of a people composed of emigrants from different nations quietly settling on the soil, forming governments and erecting states, without bloodshed or dissention. We aspire to the honor of possessing within ourselves, not only the sources of wealth but the means of instruction and improvement. We are willing to derive the principles of our religion and polity from our more experienced ancestors, but we hope the time will soon come, when we shall no longer ask them to teach our children, or to instruct our artists, our manufacturers, or our scholars. As the day is fast approaching when we shall be able to repay our eastern brethren in domestic produce and manufactures for the foreign luxuries with which they may supply us, so we hope that in the commerce of literature, there will be a reciprocity of benefits, and that on every occasion we shall be able to return them a *quid pro quo*.

These ideas were suggested to our minds on receiving a few days since, a printed sheet containing a catalogue of the officers and students of the Transylvania University, accompanied by a brief exposition of the plan of instruction which is already in operation at that Seminary. To president Holley through whose politeness we were furnished with these documents, we feel ourselves much indebted for the pleasure which we experienced in the perusal of them. Delighted as we always are in witnessing the rising greatness of the western country, it is not without the most lively emotions of pride, that we behold the establishment of a learned institution on a liberal and extensive plan, in the state of Kentucky. It is as honorable to that patriotic state, as we hope it will be advantageous to our community.

The plan of instruction which is prescribed appears to be exceedingly judicious, and far preferable to the course of study pursued when *we* 'crept like snails unwilling to school.' On this subject however we would not pretend to give a decided opinion, as it is one on which the learned of all ages have differed. In the selection of professors they appear to have been peculiarly happy in concentrating the talents and acquirements of a number of gentlemen whose merits have been long known, and highly appreciated in the various departments of science and literature. Our studies have not been such as to make us acquainted with all of these gentlemen; but the names of Mr. Holley, Mr Rafinesque, and Dr. Brown are well known, and Dr. Caldwell has ranked high among the literati of our own state, and has long been an indefatigable and successful laborer in the vineyard of science.

We shall be happy to further the views of the faculty of this, or of any other similar institution, by laying before our readers any information with which they may think proper to favor us. We will take an early opportunity of making some extracts from the *expose* which we have received.

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

'Hope delayed maketh the heart sick.'

Fanny my love, if hope could tear,
One thorn from love's enchanting wreath,
Or place one fragrant blossom there,
To gild the verdant chain of faith;
The lover then might dream of bliss,
Through fancy's blooming garden roam,
And lose the softly promised kiss,
To dream of kisses yet to come!

But hope and fear so closely twine,
In every garland love has made,
That one has scarcely room to shine,
Beneath the others gloomy shade.
Believe me then that love's delay,
Is folly's dance o'er pleasure's tomb,
And one luxurious kiss to-day,
Is worth a thousand yet to come!

O.

Insolvent Law Passed.

Extract of a letter to the Editors, dated Harrisburgh, Jan. 27, 1820.

In haste I inform you that the act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors has this moment passed the Senate, and only wants the signature of the Governor to become a law, which undoubtedly it will receive to-day or to-morrow. I have not time to enumerate its provisions as the mail is about closing. But no debtor shall be imprisoned who can give security for his appearance to court, and delivers his effects for the use of his creditors.

Lan. Journal.

Extract of letter from Savanah, Geo. dated Jan. 14.

We have taken considerable pains to ascertain the number of buildings burnt; and the probable amount of property destroyed by this dreadful catastrope.

There are ninety four lots stripped completely; and it is calculated that there are three hundred and twenty-one wooden buildings, many of which were double tenements, thirty five brick ditto, exclusive of those owned by the Presbyterian church, by Messrs. Gibbons, Shad, Morrison, Johnston and Hunter, which contained thirty tenements. Altogether, making no less than FOUR HUNDRED and SIXTY THREE tenements, not including out buildings! Thirty years must elapse before Savannah will be again what she has been. Good God! we can hardly believe our eyes when we cast a look at the scene before us.

The probable amount of property destroyed by this unfortunate occurrence is, from a calculation nicely made, upwards of FOUR MILLIONS of DOLLARS! But, if we take into consideration the stoppage of business, and every direct and indirect loss, TEN MILLIONS will not be too great an estimate.

We understand that two persons lost their lives, and as many injured in rendering assistance during the fire. We have learnt of no farther accident.

'Tis to us indeed a time of humiliation. Every face wears the appearance of mourning. How disconsolate are many families this day! But a few days ago their prospects were flattering, now they are not only shelterless, but destitute, perhaps, of a change of clothing.

The day of the catastrophe, a most interesting and melancholy picture presented itself, in the depressed countenees of its inhabitants—the smoking ruins, the forest of naked chimnies and walls, the various kinds of destruction of goods and furniture, and the crowds of houseless inhabitants. The hospitallity of the few, whose houses remain, has been general and unrestrained—their tenements are shared with the others. Every thing which an affecting sympathy, which an active benevolence among their fellow cisizens can perform, will undoubtedly be done."

NEW-YORK, January 22.

Melancholy Shipwreck.—Last evening Mr Jessup, son of the wreck master at Southampton, Long Island, arrived in town with letters from his father, announcing the loss of the ship Helen, capt Hugust.

The Helen was from Bordeaux, bound to this port with a cargo of brandy, wine, dry goods, prunes, fruit preserved in brandy, books and stationary. She had also six passengers, the whole of whom, together with the captain, Steward, and cabin boy, are lost.

From Mr. Jessup we have received the following particulars. On the morning of the 17th inst. at the dawn of day, a large ship was discovered on the beach, the wind blowing a tremendous gale, and every wave making a complete breach over the vessel. The tide was unusually high, and the surf rolled upon the beach much farther than the inhabitants had ever before seen it.

The inhabitants hailed the persons on deck, and advised them to go below. Several followed the advice. The Steward was thrown, by the violence of the waves, over the bow, and was drowned. Shortly after the larboard quarter was torn away, and the mizen mast went by the board. As soon as the tide fell, books and ladders were placed on board, by which the mate and eight seamen, who had remained in the forecastle, and who were still living, were taken out. All who were in the cabin, were either drowned or frozen to death. Three gentlemen were found dead in the fore-rigging completely covered with ice. The names of the persons lost, as far as we can ascertain, from our informant and from a letter received from Mr. Joseph Bouchaud, are captain Huguet, Major Sterret, American counsul at Rochefort, Mr. Kronemache, Mitchell Porringer, Mr. Caspell, Mr. Equesto, Mr. Colieve, and the steward, and cabin boy of the ship. The bodies of Mr. Kronemache, two Spanish gentlemen, and the steward, were found soon after the ship went to pieces. On the morning of the 18th, as Mr. Jessup was leaving home, the body of a young man was also found, and the whole five were to be interred on Wednesday afternoon.

Two of the passengers were Spanish gentlemen of large fortunes, and were on a tour of pleasure to this country.

The aggregate amount of tonnage of the United States on the 31st Dec. 1818. by the report of the Register of the treasury was 1,225,184 tons and 20-95ths.

[Phil. Gaz.

The amount of Salaries paid during the year 1819 to the Clerks in the different offices of the Treasury department of the United States, was 191,649 dolls. and 95 cents.—*ibid.*

KENTUCKEY.—Many propositions are now before the Legislature for alleviating the existing pecuniary pressure, as it is sometimes called, or scarcity of the circulating medium, as others term it. The Directors of the Bank of Kentucky having suspended specie payments, it is expected the Legislature will sustain them in the measure. We shall in due time notice the measures which may grow out of this state of things. *Nat. Int.*

OHIO.—The following Resolves have passed the General Assembly.

Whereas, the existence of slavery in our country has ever been deemed a great moral and political evil, and its tendency directly calculated to impair our national character, and materially affecting our national happiness—and inasmuch as the extension of a slave population in the U. States is fraught with the most fearful consequences to the permanency and durability of our republican institutions: and whereas, the subject of the admission of slavery in the new state of Missouri, is at this time before the Congress of the United States:—Therefore,

Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be requested to use their zealous endeavours to prevent the adoption of so odious and dangerous a measure.

Resolved Further, That his Excellency the Governor be instructed to send a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to each of our Senators and Representatives in the Congress of United States.

From the N. Y. E. Post, Jan. 25.

By the Hercules, from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 3d Dec. All was tranquil in Great Britain. The Radicals since the meeting of Parliament, had lowered their tone considerably, and Cobbett had been deterred from making his intended splendid entry into Manchester, by a letter addressed to him from the authority of that town, informing him of their determination to preserve the public peace, and to hold him responsible for any tumult. He took the hint stopped short, and set off for his residence at Botley. Large crowds had assembled to receive him and were sadly disappointed. The dinner was spoiled, but the peace of the town was preserved.

From the London Times of Nov. 23.

Radicals in China.—According to advices lately received from China, through Mr. Milne, of the London Missionary Society; a general agitation throughout that vast empire threatens to destroy the most ancient Government in the world. Secret societies are said to be established throughout China, which a formidable severity has been unable to press. In the single province of Canton 150 persons per month have for some time past perished under the hands of the executioner. Some of the societies bear extraordinary designations; as the White Jackets, Red Beards, and Short Swords.

Dublin Eve Post.

100 lbs.
Black Sewing Silk.

HENRY FULTON offers for sale one hundred pounds of best BLACK SEWING SILK, for which he will take at par—Beaver, New Lisbon, Canton, West Union, Columbus, Madison' Shawneetown, Missouri, Natchez, Huntingdon add Centre. ALSO,
1000 lbs. DEER SKINS & 30,000 REED CANE.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 4, 1820.

A Supplement

To an Ordinance, entitled "An Ordinance for the organization of the city of Pittsburgh."

Sect. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in select and common councils assembled, That the mayor shall appoint and commission one street commissioner, who shall have all the power and authority, and perform all she duties now vested in, and devolving upon the street commissioners of the east and west wards of the city of Pittsburgh; and the said street commissioner shall take the oath of office prescribed by law, and shall for his services, receive a yearly salary of three hundred dollars.

Sect. 2. And be it further ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That the said street commissioner shall have charge of, and be accountable for, the security and preservation of all property belonging to the city, not belonging or attached to any other department. And the said street commissioner shall cause written or printed advertisements to be posted up in the most public places of the city, for at least two weeks, inviting proposals for improvements, and work of every description practicable to be done by contract, which may be authorized by any ordinance or resolution of the councils, always preferring the lowest and best bidder; and shall submit all such contracts to the mayor for his approbation, and shall file the same in his office.

Sect. 3. And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of any ordinance as is hereby altered be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in council, the 31st day of January, A. D. 1820

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Pre.
Common Council.

Attest—S. ENGLES, Clerk Common Council.
E. DENNY, Prest. Pro. Tem.
Select Council.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, Clerk Select Council.

An Ordinance

Concerning the assessment and appropriation of the city taxes for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh in select and common councils assembled. That for the purpose of raising supplies for the present year, there shall be laid, assessed, cvied and collected upon the persons, professions, trades and property of the said city made taxable, the sum of *ten thousand dollars*, which shall be appropriated in the following manner. To wit:—

No. 1.	For clearing cartway pavements, &c. Eight hundred dollars.	$800 00
2.	Mayor's salary, three hundred dollars.	300 00
	Recorder's ditto, two hundred dollars.	200 00
	Treasurer's ditto, two hundred and fifty dollars.	250 00
	Clerks of councils, one hundred dollars each.	200 00
	High constable, one hundred dollars,	100 00
	Clerk of the market, one hundred and fifty dollars.	150 00
3.	Stationary, fuel and candles, one hundred dollars,	100 00
4.	Assessors salary, fifty dollars.	50 00
5.	Street commissioners ditto, four hundred dollars.	400 00
6.	Collecting and lost taxes, five hundred dollars.	500 000
7.	Repairing the mouth of Cherry-alley, fifty dollars,	500 0
8.	Preparing streets for paving, when citizens conform to the paving ordinance, five hundred dollars.	500 00
9.	Repairing old pavements, two hundred and fifty dollars.	250 00
10.	The balance of six thousand one hundred and fifty dollars, as well as all monies arising from rents, fines and forfeitures, licences, &c. shall be appropriated for defraying outstanding debts and deficiencies.	$6150 00
		$10000,00

Ordained and enacted into a law, in council, the thirty first day of January, A. D. One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Pres.
Common Council.

Attest—S. ENGLES Clerk Common Council.
E. DENNY, Prest. Pro. Tem.
Select Council.

JAMES M. RIDDLE Clerk Select Council.

Notice.

FREEHOLDERS and others, in the City of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that the Ordinance of said city, respecting FIRE BUCKETS, will be strictly enforced after the 20th instant.

JOHN DARRAGH, *Mayor.*
Mayor's Office, February 5.

Crate Ware.

Just Received a few Crates of

QUEENSWARE

Handsomely assorted.

FOR SALE BY

A. WAY & Co.
Market, between 3d & 4th streets.
February 4.

Rolled Iron.

4d, 6d and 8d
ROLLED IRON,

For Sale at reduced prices, for Cash, at the
Domestic Warehouse,
Also a quantity of CUT NAILS.
February 4.

To Let.

We will rent on the most msderate terms, the
Warehouse
we now occupy, and give possession on the 1st of April, 1820.

I. & H. WALLACE.
February 5.

Books and Stationary.

LUKE LOOMIS, having taken the stock of BOOKS and STATIONARY, recently conducted by the late *Randolph Barnes*, dec. offers the same for sale in large or small quantities on as good terms as can be had west of the Alleghenny Mountains, for cash or approved credit.

The customers of the late R. Barnes are respectfully invited to call.

LUKE LOOMIS.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 4.

☞Subscriptions for the *Religious Intelligencer*, a weekly paper printed at New Haven, Connecticut, received at the Book Store of the subscriber, Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

To be Let,

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE,

IN the Town of Allegheny, situated on the bank, adjoining the Rev. Mr. Stockton. For terms apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELL.
Pittsburgh, February 2.

Hops, Pot Ashes, &c.

FOR SALE, A QUANTITY OF

Domestic Goods,

VIZ.

Pot Ashes, in bbls. and Hops in bales, of good quality,
Tobacco, Butter, Chalk,
Spanish Brown in Kegs,
Window, Green and Flint Glassware, assorted,
Bags, Linen, and Country Produce, generally,
Patent and Common Steelyards, of Pittsburgh manufacture—warranted good,
4d 6d 8d & 10d Nails best quality in kegs,
White and Dutch Pipes of Pittsburgh manufacture—in boxes,
SPANISH SOAL LEATHER,
Horn Combs, a quantity,
Wrapping, Writing, Letter & Printing Paper,
Whips, a general assortment of Pittsburgh,
5 bbls Seneca Oil,
A quantity of low priced
SHOT GUNS,
And a general assortment of best Rifle Gun LOCKS,
All which will be sold low for cash, or approved barter.

Isaac Harris,
Market streets.
February 5.

Stray Horse.

STRAYED from the subscribers on Monday the 24th inst· a dark Chesnut Sorrel HORSE, about 16 hands high, bald face, the hair scraped off above the right eye, 10 years old. Whoever returns us said Horse, shall receive a liberal reward and all charges paid.

M'KEE & GRAHAM,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.
February 5.

For Rent.

TWO HOUSES IN DIAMOND ALLEY,

NEARLY opposite the Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh. Possession giving the 1st of April next. For particulars concerning the two houses, enquire of Samuel St. John, on the premises or the Subscriber,

Land to Lease,

The Subscriber would be glad to lease for a term of seven or eight years, some uncleared land, which he owns in Allegheny county, about 16 miles from Pittsburgh—no rent will be required, but the improvements that will be stipuated, which will be such as to make a Farmer comfortable.

There have been many instances of families in the western country, taking land in the above way, and who at the end of seven years were able to buy a plantation, thereby rendering a benefit to themselves and owner of the land.

THOS. DUNCAN.
Birmingham, February 4.—tf

A Gardner

Would find a good situation by applying early; one with a family would be prefered, as there is a commodious dwelling built for the purpose, with a good piece of meadow attached thereto. None need apply without a good recommendation.

T. D.

For Rent,

And possession given on the first of April next,

THAT welll known brick house on the corner of Wood and Fifth streets. The house is in good order and convenient—consisting of Eight rooms and a good kitchen and cellar, with a convenient yard.—Also a large and excellent Stable, to which there is attached, a large and convenient yard, very suitable for carraiges, gigs, &c. with a large oats house, bake house, and oven; a good pump at the door. The house and stable are well calculated for a tavern stand.—Also,

THE FRAME HOUSE,

now in the occupancy of E. F. Pratt; containing three rooms, a kitchen and cellar, with a convenient yard attached.—Also,

A LARGE FRAME HOUSE,

fronting on Fifth street; consisting of 4 rooms, a large kitchen and a good cellar, with a good yard and small stable, Brick Smoke House and Bake-oven. For terms, apply to the subscriber, south-east corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

G. STEWARD.
February 4.

Marshal's Sale.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Sale in admiralty, issued out of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or out cry, at the court house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the fifth day of February next, all the right, title, interest, claim and demand, of Garret Guest, of, in, and to a certain Barge, known by the name of Guest's Barge, of about *one hundred tons burthen*, together with her tackle, apparel, &c. as she now lies at the end of Liberty-street, in the Monongahela river. She is a handsome new Barge, never having performed a voyage, libelled and condemned, as the property of the said Garret Guest, on complaint of David Wells, John Gibner and others, libellants for materials furnished, and labour done on said Barge, and to be sold under writ of sale of said court.

WILLIAM IRISH, *Marshal.*
Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh. }
26th January, 1820. }

Rosanna Winright,

BEGS leave to inform the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, generally, that in compliance with the requests of a considerable number of her friends, she has set apart a private room, in which she proposes to teach a respectable class of YOUNG LADIES the art of

MANTUA MAKING.

She flatters herself from the knowledge she has of the business, and the strict attention that will be paid, general satisfaction will be given to those who may please to patronize her.

Mr. WINRIGHT will also attend to giving private lessons, in Reading, Writing, English Grammar, &c. to those who may require it.

Those who feel disposed to attend are respectfully invited to call on or before the 7th day of February next, (at which time the school will be opened) and learn the terms on which they may be instructed.

January 18.

☞ A few persons from a distance who wish to attend, can be accommodated with boarding &c. on reasonable terms.

Just Received

By the subscriber in Market, between Water and First streets,

20 Bundles Spanish Sole

LEATHER,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

200 bbls Conemaugh Salt,

ALSO,

A few Cases of Domestic Goods, consisting of

Plaids.
Chambrays,
Brown Shirtings, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold low for Cash,

William Chesnut.

Pittsburgh, January 20.

Notice to our Creditors.

TAKE notice that we have (severally) applied to the Judges of the court of Common Pleas, of the county of Allegheny, in the state of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the laws of the said state, made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, and that they have appointed Saturday the twelfth day of February next, for the hearing of us and our creditors at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper, and shew cause if any you have, why we should not (severally) be discharged.

JAMES SWETMAN,
WM. P. HUGHES.
GEO. SANDERSON

Allegheny County Jail, }
Jan. 20th A. D. 1820. }

Stockholders

OF the Washington and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company are hereby notified that the three last instalments are called for by the managers, to be paid in the following manner, viz. Five Dollars on each share of stock held, to be paid into the treasury on the 1st day of March next—Five Dollars more, to be paid on each share on the 20th day of March—Five Dollars more, on each share to be paid as above, on the 15th day of April next. Stockholders should be aware of the penalty in default of payment.

By order of the Board.

S. MURDOCH, Sec.

January 21, 1820.

More Prizes than Blanks

Grand State Lottery,

SEVENTH CLASS,

SOLOMON ALLEN, MANAGER.

WILL DRAW MARCH 20, 1820.

Scheme.

1 Prize of	$25,000	$25,000
1	10,000	10,000
3	5,000	15,000
30	1,000	30,000
20	500	10,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
200	20	4,000
9600	10	96,000
10005 Prizes		
9995 Blanks		$200,000
200,000 Tickets at $10 is		$200,000

Prizes all Floating.

Prizes subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

☞ The whole to be completed in 20 days drawing.

☞ Will commence drawing 20th March 1820.

☞ The prizes only will be drawn.

Tickets	$10	Quarters	$2 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1 25

For Sale in a variety of Numbers—at

J. TOWNE'S

Lottery & Exchange Office

Corner of Third & Wood streets.

☞ Tickets will advance to 12 dollars on the first day of February next, till which time they may be had at the original price.

Pittsburgh, January 21.

To our Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE that we have severally applied to the court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county in the state of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the laws of this commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Saturday the 12th day of February next, for hearing us and our creditors, at the court-house in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper, and shew cause if any you have, why we should not severally be discharged.

JAMES O'NEAL ✕ his mark.
WILLIAM A. NELSON,
ASA B. SHEPHERD,
JOHN HARSHAW,
JOHN DRUM,
JOHN NEWMAN.
SAMUEL BROCK,

Allegheny Jail, January 20, 1820.

Wm. Hill & Brothers,

OFFER FOR SALE,

300 Barrels Lake Salt,

40 Barrels Peas,
3 casks Trace Chains,
2 do Log do
15 Kegs Butter,
15 boxes Claret,
100 do Rosin Soap,
10 dozen Wool Hats,
Reams Writing and Wrapping Paper.
Bright and Blacksmith Vises,
Kegs Rappee Snuff—

A fresh assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1819.—2awtf.

FEATHERS.

A quantity of first quality can be had if applied for before removal,

50 Cents per lb.

at the Warehouse of the subscriber, corner of Water and Ferry streets, Pittsburgh.

DAVID LOGAN.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

Cotton, Tobacco, Juniata Iron, Teas, Orleans Sugar, Buffaloe Robes, Racoon Skins, &c.

january 14.

For Rent,

ONE OF THE BEST STANDS for either Store or Tavern in this city, situated on the corner of Wood and Water streets, and now in the occupancy of Mr. C. M. Doughty.

ALSO FOR RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, with a Store Room in neat order, pleasantly situated on Water street two doors west of Wood—occupied at present by Mr. Wm. Knox. Possession given the first of April. Apply to

WM. R. GRAHAM,
3d street.

January 11.

Wanted,

A FARMER

Who can be well recommended.—Apply to

J. L. GLASER.

Jan. 14, 1820.

Dissolution of Partnership

THE subscribers, trading under the firm of Cromwell, Dobbin and Peebles, have this day dissolved their partnership by mutual consent—But inform their friends and creditors that their time will be mutually and entirely devoted to the settlement of their business. All those indebted to them, are now for the last time, solicited to pay their accounts, in order to enable them to pay the debts they owe.

THOMAS CROMWELL,
LEONARD DOBBIN,
ISAAC PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, November 30—1aw3m

To Emigrants.

HAVING associated myself with a considerable company for the purpose of settling a new place in the state of Illinois, opposite the mouth of White river and Patoka, at the foot of the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, (MOUNT CARMEL) with an intention to remove to it, as soon as practicable, I have contracted for the making and burning of 150,000 brick, which I wish put up next season into buildings, and the Bricklayer's and carpenter's work undertaken conjointly, the plaistering and whitewashing included. Lands adjoining the Town, and town lots, at cash prices, and cash, a proportion of each will be given in payment when the work is completed.

Having entered lands for the accommodation of settlers favourable to the views of the settlement, a considerable body adjoining the settlement and town lands, divided into lots of from 10 to 100 and 160 acres each may be had at the Congress prices, with the exception of the interest on the money paid, and a small advance to defray expences, &c

I wish to employ some persons to enclose or clear lands for me, for which I will pay in lands at cash prices. I have a body of open and timbered lands, that I would lease from 5 to 10 years on advantageous terms to emigrants unable to purchase. A convenient farm to let, by an early application to the Agent may be had.

A canal for boats and water works around the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, a company is forming to commence opening next season, that will afford employment for labourers, and no inconsiderable inducement to capatilist to invest their funds in the establishment. Considerable encouragement and aid have already been tendered for that purpose by emigrants from the Eastern States. The river is open for navigation from this place to New-Orleans all the year.

Application may be made to WM. BEAUCHAMP, the Agent for the establishment, residing in Mount Carmel, or to the subscriber, residing at present in New-port. None need apply but moral characters.

THOMAS S. HINDS.

Newport, Ken. Nov. 16 6

Spanish Soal Leather

AND

BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819.

Fresh Goods.

The subscribers have just received an assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

suitable to the season, which they offer for sale at very reduced prices.—Also,

A quantity of Rolled iron—nail and spike rods, and cut nails—Wrapping paper and Bonnet boards.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

December 3—12t

Storage and Commission Business.

JEFFERSONVILLE, (INDIANA.)

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the

STORAGE

AND

Commission Business,

In the above place, where all kinds of Goods, and Wares will be received and sold or forwarded as the owner shall direct, and a liberal advance made on any consignment.

E. Young.

WHO HAS ON HAND FOR SALE,

AT WHOLESALE,

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Cotton, Steele Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Gin, Pepper, Allspice, and a constant supply of

Kenhawa Salt.

January 11.——6w

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Philips & Stout*, in the Storage & Commission Business, in the Town of Maysville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm will please make payment to P. Stout, and those having demands against it will call on him for settlement, he being duly authorised to settle the same.

WM. B. PHILIPS.
P. STOUT.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.

Storage and Commission.

P. STOUT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has entered into the Storage & Commission Business on his own account, at the Ware House lately occupied by Philips & Stout, on Second a few doors below Market street, Maysville, Ken. where he is prepared with a large and commodious Warehouse and other suitable buildings to store all descriptions of Goods and country Produce, and transact all kinds of business on commission, and assures those who may favour him with their business that no exertions shall be wanting to render entire satisfaction.

He has for sale on Commission the following articles:

2 Cases of Domestic Cotton,
200 barrels Coffee,
10 Chests Young Hyson Tea.
60 Barrels old Whisky,
100 Kegs Trotter's best Rifle Gunpowder,
Juniatta Bar Iron,
Roll'd do do assorted,
A few Faggots Steel,
Trembly's Smith Bellows.
Window Glass, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12;
Hollow Glass assorted—Gallon, Half Gallon, Quart and Porter Bottles from Bakewell's Black Glass Manufactory, Pittsburgh, of a quality not surpassed by any made in England.
Writing, Binders' and Printing Paper,
Wrapping, Pasteboards,
Munsel's Map of Kentucky,
A few set neatly bound Blank Books,
Cordage, &c. &c.

—*ALSO*—

A small Keel Boat.

Orders and consignments from abroad will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.—6t.

To Rent,

And possession given the first of April next,

THE TAVERN STAND in East Liberty, sign of the Cross Keys, now in the occupancy of Samuel Young. The House is large and convenient with good stabling and a good pump at the door. For particulars apply to Jacob Negley, near the premises, or the subscriber in Plumb township.

EPHRAIM JORDAN.

December 31.

Domestic Coffee.

WANTED to purchase a quantity of

Clean Rye and Barley,

for which CASH will be given at the

DOMESTIC WAREHOUSE,
Wood street.

December 3.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber near Braddock's fields, a red and white cow with small horns, no ear marks perceivable—the owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

WM. KIRKPATRICK.

Jan. 11, 1819.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of

New Music and Musical

INSTRUMENTS

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronge. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and cruets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

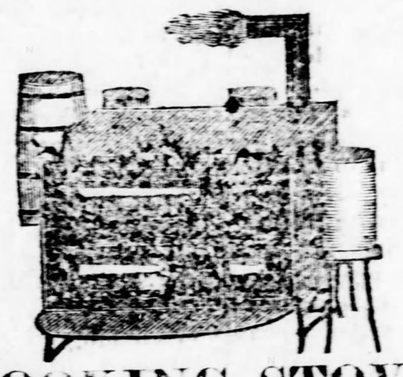
With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

Henry Miller & Co.

HAVE the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the public generally, that they have again opened their establishment for manufacturing Postly's Patent COOKING STOVES at their old stand, in Second street, two doors from Wood street, where all orders will be attended to.

December 21,

Charles Postly's Patent



COOKING STOVE

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the western country, are ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington, Ken. Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville, Ken. J. B. Bowles, Louisville, K. Joseph Litton, Nashville, Tenn. James Cochran, Madison, Indiana. Neal & Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.

TOWN OF AMERICA.

THE undersigned, owner of a large number of squares, half squares, and lots in the above town, and of about five hundred acres of land adjoining to it, proposes to sell to *actual settlers*, any number of lots, not exceeding one hundred, and several out lots of twenty acres each, on terms highly calculated to promote the interest of the purchasers. He is also authorized to sell on liberal terms and in small tracts, seven thousand acres of excellent land, lying about the Town and in its immediate neighborhood.

This town is situated in the fork of the Ohio and Mississippi, on the bank of the former, and on the first piece of high ground above their junction.

No person of any reflection has ever looked upon a map of North America without being struck with the mighty confluence of water which is exhibited at the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi: and the natural sentiment that a great city must grow up at that point has only been checked by the apprehension that the place was annually inundated. The apprehension was incorrect. The town scite and the back country are free from inundation, and both are now settled and are constantly increasing in population. The town has been selected for the seat of Justice for the county of Alexander in which it is situated, and both the county and circuit courts are, and will be held there. The neighboring country is well settled, not by a detached population, but by connected settlements spreading into the interior of the state of Illinois.

The mind is therefore free to expatiate upon the advantages of this situation, and the undersigned can leave it to any man of sense and candor to say whether any point upon our continent has ever presented a fairer prospect of a greater inland commercial city?

Situated on the first high ground above the confluence of the noblest streams in America—at a point from which large steam boats can at all times descend to New Orleans—with a rich back country to support it—and a numerous population now covering the adjacent country, and it is difficult to assign a reason why this town should not in a few years rank with the first in America.

Besides its water communications it may reasonably count upon the advantage of seeing pass through it the great road which will be required to facilitate the intercourse between the Upper and the Lower Mississippi. Authentic information authorizes the assertion that the country south of the Ohio is entirely practicable for a road, which can be opened across the west ends of Kentucky and Tennessee through the late Chickasaw purchase and lead to New Orleans over a direct route parallel to the course of the Mississippi.

The undersigned will be upon the spot to sell to actual settlers during the balance of the winter and spring months. He prefers to sell upon the spot, when purchasers can see with their own eyes the advantages of the situation, and therefore will be present at a time when the revival of commerce upon the river and the passing of steam boats will make it convenient for all those to visit the place and examine it for themselves who may wish to become interested in it.

He is also authorised to say that the proprietors, or a part of them, will sell at auction, on the ground, on the third Monday in April next, being the first day of the Circuit court, ONE HUNDRED LOTS; one third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, one third in six, and one in twelve months, to raise a fund for improving the place, to which the whole proceeds of the 100 lots will be applied.

HENRY W. CONWAY.

St. Louis, Dec. 4, 1819——Jan72m.

Kilgour, Taylor & Cowan,

Auctioneers

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CINCINNATI, (O.)

TRANSACT all kinds of business in their line, with the utmost promptitude and despatch; and from their strict attention to business, flatter themselves to merit a share of public encouragement.

December 24.

Notice,

TO all whom it concerns, that we the subscribers gave our notes to GARRET GUEST on the first day of November 1819; the first payable on the first day of February 1820, for four hundred dollars—the other, for three hundred dollars, due in twelve months from the 1st November, 1819, for which we have received no value. We therefore caution all persons not to receive the said Notes on our credit, as we will not pay them unless compelled by law.

MARSHALL JONES,
JOHN JONES.

January 18, 1820.

FOR RENT.

And possession given the first day of April next, the house and lots now occupied by Benjamin Page—the house is in good repair with a pump at the door.—For terms, apply to the subscriber, west side of Market street.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 14, 1820.

C. Latshaw & Leech,

Have For Sale at their Warehouse, corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

An assortment of superior

Ten Plate Stoves,

FROM THE COUNTRY,

Also a general assortment of

Castings,

At reduced prices.

December 28.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
50 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
50 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.